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________ Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION HMIS CODES PRODUCT NUMBER Health Flammability 4444 0 Ω Reactivity PRODUCT NAME MINWAX* POLYCRYLIC* Semi-Gloss Protective Finish EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. MANUFACTURER'S NAME (216) 566-2917 MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. DATE OF PREPARATION (800) 523-9299 18-JUN-03 Section 2 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS % by WT CAS No. INGREDIENT UNITS VAPOR PRESSURE 34590-94-8 2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol 1 ACGIH TLV 100 ppm (skin)
ACGIH TLV 150 ppm (skin) STEL
OSHA PEL 100 ppm (skin)
OSHA PEL 150 ppm (skin)
STEL 0.4 mm 1-(2-Butoxymethylethoxy)-propanol ACGIH TLV Not Available 29911-28-2 2 0.06 mm OSHA PEL Not Available 5131-66-8 Butoxypropanol ACGIH TLV Not Available OSHA PEL Not Available Ethylene Glycol 0.6 mm 3 107-21-1 ACGIH TLV 50 ppm CEILING OSHA PEL 50 ppm CEILING $0.12 \, \mathrm{mm}$ 9014-85-1 Decylpoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol 1 ACGIH TLV Not Available OSHA PEL Not Available 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone ACGIH TLV Not Available OSHA PEL Not Available 872-50-4 1 mm Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist. EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system.

In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

If INHALED:

If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

If on SKIN:

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

If in EYES:

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If SWALLOWED:

Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT

>200 F PMCC

LEL UEL N.A. N.A.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when

exposed to extreme heat.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

DOL Storage Class IIIB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or

brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator

approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2. EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT SPECIFIC GRAVITY BOILING POINT BOILING POINT MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME EVAPORATION RATE VAPOR DENSITY SOLUBILITY IN WATER

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)

8.53 lb/gal 1021 g/l 1.03 212 - 449 F 100 - 231 C Not Available 71 % Slower than ether Heavier than air

N.A.

2.52 lb/gal 302 g/l Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents
1.05 lb/gal 126 g/l Emitted VOC

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Ethylene Glycol is considered an animal teratogen. It has been shown to cause birth defects in rats and mice at high doses when given in drinking water or by gavage. There is no evidence to indicate it causes birth defects in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause

adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.	Ingredient Name
34590-94-8	2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol
29911-28-2	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT 5135 mg/kg 1-(2-Butoxymethylethoxy)-propanol
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT Not Available
5131-66-8	Butoxypropanol
107-21-1	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT 1900 mg/kg Ethylene Glycol
9014-85-1	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available
	Decylpoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT Not Available
872-50-4	1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available
======================================	LD50 RAT 4200 mg/kg

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.